APPENDIX I -

FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION Surface Water Grant Program Lakes, Rivers, and Aquatic Invasive Species (AIS) Control Grants

The following information will provide you with guidance to manage the financial assistance you are receiving and help in filling out the forms for the Surface Water Grant Programs. Read your grant agreement carefully and share it with your consultant(s). It contains conditions that govern your project.

Rev. 9-17

Project Grant Awards

You have received a signed grant agreement from the Department outlining the approved project scope that includes deliverables, timeline, and budget. Your authorized representative should sign one copy of this grant agreement and return it to your regional Environmental Grant Specialist (EGS) within 30 days of the award date.

Grant Agreement Effective Dates

Note the start date and end date of your grant agreement. All grants have a start date of February 15 or April 15 and expire on either June 30 or December 31 of the given year.

For Early Detection and Response grants (a subset of the AIS program), work can commence after you receive confirmation from your DNR Lake/AIS/River Coordinator that the grant application has been approved. Your DNR Lake/AIS/River Coordinator will assign a grant agreement start and end date.

Caution!

Costs incurred prior to the starting date listed or after the end date on the grant agreement will not be eligible for reimbursement. Consult with your EGS for special exceptions.

Changes to the Grant Agreement (Amendments)

Any changes to the grant agreement project activities (scope), time period, or budget must be requested in writing and submitted to the regional Environmental Grant Specialist **before** the grant agreement expiration date. Contact your regional Environmental Grant Specialist to discuss your situation before submitting a request.

Change to the **Project Scope**

Requests for an amendment to the scope of the project must be consistent with the project activity outlined in the original grant agreement. Changes in the agreement will not be made if the nature of the change substantially alters the scope of the project activity. Changes in the scope of the agreement that increase the amount of cost sharing are subject to availability of funds and may not exceed the maximum state share amount established by law.

Changes to the Project Costs

In rare circumstances, requests to amend project costs may be approved when project activity costs are higher than estimated or when a work activity is expanded. Cost amendment consideration is based on available program funds. Cost sharing shall not exceed the maximum state share amount established by law. Contact your regional Environmental Grant Specialist to discuss your situation before submitting a request.

Changes to the Grant Agreement Time Period

Projects must be completed prior to the expiration end date indicated in the grant agreement. If there is the possibility that a project won't be completed by the expiration date, we recommend that you request an extension. Requests to extend the term of the grant agreement must be made prior to the project expiration date listed on the agreement.

If the requested change is approved, the Grantee will receive an amendment to the original grant agreement signed by the Department.

Financial Administration During the Project Sponsor's Responsibilities Accounting procedures and fiscal controls used to record project costs and state grant receipts must be based on generally accepted accounting principles. **Grantees must:**

- Establish a separate ledger for project expenditures.
- Itemize all project expenditures in sufficient detail to indicate the exact nature of the expenditure and maintain a copy of the expenditure in your files (e.g., a copy of a canceled check). If your bank does not return canceled checks, a copy of the bank statement is acceptable and should be placed in the project file.
- Comply with all local and state bidding requirements. (You should consult with your attorney to ensure that you are in compliance with all applicable laws regarding competitive bidding and awarding bids.)
- All supporting documentation must be labeled with the grant project number (*e.g.*, AEPP36817, LPL148417, RP24317 the grant project number is listed on the grant agreement to the right of the sponsor name).
- Maintain payroll vouchers for salaries and wages. If payroll vouchers are not used, a statement must be prepared at the end of each pay period showing the names of employees, the hours spent on the project, project activities undertaken during the pay period, and the gross amount of salary earned by each employee. The statement must be verified by the official responsible for the project and approved by appropriate authority. All time associated with the project needs to be clearly documented.
- Report expenditures within the Grant Payment Request Worksheets (DNR Form 8700-001A).

Local Share (Sponsor "grant match") The local share of the project cost (also called sponsor "grant match") may include the substantiated value of donated materials, equipment, services, and labor subject to all of the following:

- All sources of local share donation shall be indicated at the time that grant application is submitted.
- The maximum value of donated, non-professional labor shall be \$12.00 per hour.
- The value of donated materials and professional services is established by market rates and documented by invoice. The local share may include:
 - 1. Professional supervision and administration staff time for the project, supported by Force Account Labor worksheets and summaries.
 - 2. The value of other professional services as established by market rates and documented by invoice.
- Special Requirements for Land Acquisition Projects: The fair market value of
 donated property may be approved for use as match under specific conditions.
 Value of donated property is determined by appraisal provided by the grantee;
 appraisals are reviewed by the DNR for compliance with applicable
 administrative codes. Appraisals provided by sellers are not acceptable.

Surface Water Grant costs eligible and ineligible to be claimed on grants Food at sponsored events Meal expenses related to attending conference per current state business maximums - http://oser.state.wi.us/docview.asp?docid=7365 Clothing for sponsored events Clothing for Clean Boats Clean Water (CBCW) Eligible Event Liability Insurance Mileage specific to project scope, documented on form 8700-012 http://dnr.wi.gov/files/PDF/forms/8700/8700-012.pdf

Expense Eligibility

Donated Equipment

The value of donated equipment is determined based on the Wisconsin Department of Transportation's (WI DOT) highway rates for equipment. If donated equipment does not appear on the WI DOT Classified Equipment Rates Standard and Special Rated Units document, the project sponsor shall determine value of donated equipment using one of the following methods:

- 1. Choose closest equipment equivalent from WI DOT Highway rates list
- 2. Determine market rate Project sponsor shall obtain at least three estimates for rental of item in question from vendors within the local vicinity. The lowest estimate will be used to establish the value of donated equipment. Copies of all estimates received must accompany your grant application and must be maintained in the grantee's project file.
- 3. Match value limited to WI DOT rate or, if no WI DOT rate is available, daily market rate approved in application budget, prorated to reflect number of hours of actual use. (Example: Daily market rate \$60, divided by $8 = \$7.50 \times 2$ hours use = \$15)

Surface Water Grant Donated Boat Use Rates	Rate
Motorized Boats	\$80/Day prorated to 10/hr.
Non-Motorized Boats (DOT row boat rate applies)	\$17.36/Day

Claims for Reimbursement

Claims for payment of project expenditures are made on a reimbursement basis (with the possible exception of escrow closing for fee title or easement land acquisitions). To be eligible for reimbursement, all costs must:

- Be incurred within the project time period shown in the grant agreement.
- Be associated with the scope of activity summarized in the grant agreement and detailed in the application approved to receive grant funding.
- Not exceed the amount of state aid shown in the grant agreement.

If a partial payment request is being sought, a project progress report is also required for the period of time covered by the payment request. Consult with your DNR Lake/AIS/River Coordinator on progress report requirements.

Some grant programs allow submittal of quarterly reimbursement claims. Under these circumstances, the Department shall withhold 10% of the grant amount for the final payment for a lake protection, an aquatic invasive species, and a river management project.

No partial payments are possible for lake management planning and a river planning grant. See specific grant program guidelines that apply. Final claims for payment shall be submitted within six months of the grant agreement expiration date.

The following documentation is required to process a claim for reimbursement of project expenditures:

- 1. Copies of all contracts or agreements with contractors or service providers.
- 2. Completed department reimbursement form. Completion instructions are included on the form. For all grants, submit the following form:

Form 8700-001A, Grant Payment Request & Worksheet
Form 9200-230, If the grant includes Federal Fund, this form must be included with every reimbursement request

- 3. Acceptable proofs of purchase must be submitted when requesting reimbursement of project expenditures. Example: photocopies of the vendor invoices for services or materials and receipts for project materials. Invoices and checks combining costs for multiple grants must be explained so that the specific cost associated with each grant is identified.
- 4. **Proofs of payment documentation must be maintained within the grantee's** *files in the event of an audit*. Example: photocopies of canceled checks (front and back) issued for payment of all services and materials, bank statements, invoices marked "paid in full" with initials and date, and credit card statement charges showing charged item was paid in full; for local government grants, copies of municipal ledgers showing payments. As these records will be subject to open records law, please be sure to redact (blacken out) bank or credit card account numbers.
- 5. Form 8700-352, Local Government Force Account Report. Use this form to report local government staff time paid with local government funds for the grant project. If using other daily tracking of paid staff time, report must identify the project name, name of staff member, professional title (if professional rate was paid), dates and nature of work performed, number of hours multiplied by wage/benefit rate, and total value of documented labor during that reimbursement request time period. Report must be signed by staff member.
- 6. Form 8700-350, Donated Professional Services Used as Grant Match. Form must be signed by donor. Also, acceptable, an invoice from donor identifying the project name, name of the donor, his/her professional title, dates services were performed, nature of services, number of hours multiplied by professional wage/benefit rate, and total value of the donation with signature of donor; or, invoice from donor with the information listed above, and a signed statement from the donor indicating the value of the services is donated to the project.
- 7. Form 8700-362, Donated Equipment or Equipment Usage Worksheet Use this form to show equipment donated to a grant project. Identify the project name, date work was performed, name of the operator, type of equipment used, and nature of work performed in relation to project, number of hours multiplied by WI DOT or documented market rate. The form will auto calculate the total value of the donation. Or, include an invoice from donor with the information listed above, and a signed statement from the donor indicating the value of the services donated to the project. The form must be signed by the Authorized Representative.

The Surface Water Grant Program requires volunteers to document volunteer time and activities, creating a record that can help grantees meet requirements for matching grant funds. One of the best ways to ensure that volunteer efforts are recognized is to record donated service at the time it is performed. The following forms should be used to track volunteer labor.

8. Form 8700-349A, *Volunteer Labor Worksheet & Summary* identifies the Volunteer's name, grant number, project name, dates and nature of work performed in relation to the project, number of hours multiplied by \$12 per hour, and total value of the donation (minimum age for a volunteer is 14). By clicking on the (+) sign at the bottom of the worksheet, multiple volunteers can be added and tracked within the same form. The summary at the end of the document automatically summarizes each volunteer's time and total value into the form.

- 9. Form 8700-349B, Volunteer Labor Worksheet identifies the Volunteer's name, grant number, project name, dates and nature of work performed in relation to the project, number of hours multiplied by \$12 per hour, and total value of the donation (minimum age for a volunteer is 14). If the grant has Federal funding, check the box indicating Federal funding. This will expand the form and create a signature field next to each volunteer line. The volunteer must provide an actual signature on each line that indicates time volunteered. If no Federal funding, the volunteer may type their name, date, email address and/or phone number in the certification section at the bottom of the page. By clicking on the (+) sign at the bottom of the form, a second volunteer can be added and tracked within the same form.
- 10. Form 8700-349C, *Volunteer Labor Summary* identifies the project sponsor's name, grant number, project name, name of the volunteer, number of hours multiplied by \$12 per hour, and total value of the donation (minimum age for a volunteer is 14). This form summarizes all volunteers' total hours and value of time volunteered. The Authorized Representative must sign off on the summary. The typed name of the Authorized Representative in lieu of an actual signature may be accepted if the document is submitted by the Authorized Representative from their designated email.

When a grantee buys equipment that will last for greater than one year and exceeds \$5,000 in cost, the total cost of that equipment is not counted as an immediate expense. Rather, the cost is spread out over several years based on the life of the equipment. This process is known as depreciation.

Depreciation

Example: Grantee buys a plate reader for water quality sampling at cost of \$5,500. The life of the plate reader is 10 years. Therefore, the amount that can be claimed each year in reimbursement request for a plate reader is \$550 (\$5,500 divided by 10 years = \$550 each year). If the life of the grant is 3 years, under this scenario, the grantee would be eligible to receive a total reimbursement of \$1,650 (\$550 x 3 years = \$1,650) towards the purchase of the plate reader.

Depreciation applies in the following cases:

- If the grantee is using equipment that the grantee owns.
- If the grantee is accepting donations of equipment that have a value of \$5,000 or greater.
- If a piece of equipment is purchased at a cost exceeding \$5,000.

For equipment with a value greater than \$1,000 and less than \$5,000, the grantee must maintain documentation (invoice or receipt) in their file and make it available to the DNR upon request.

Inventory Management

Equipment and Supplies Disposition:

When the original or replacement equipment acquired under a Surface Water grant is no longer needed for the original project, the grantee shall disposition of the equipment as follows:

- If the current per-unit fair market value is less than \$5,000, the grantee may retain, sell or dispose of the equipment and may retain any sale proceeds.
- If the current per-unit fair market value is in excess of \$5,000, the equipment may be retained or disposed of utilizing the accepted procedures outlined below. The DNR shall be paid an amount calculated by multiplying the current market value or proceeds from the sale by the percentage of funds originally provided for the purchase by the DNR.

Procedures for Disposal of Equipment Purchased with DNR Grant Funds

The grantee shall follow the procedures below when transferring, selling, or otherwise disposing of surplus and salvage equipment purchased with a DNR grant:

- Sale to the public by one of the following means:
 - 1. Competitive bid
 - 2. Public auction
 - 3. Open negotiated and documented sale
 - 4. Offer to the public at a fixed sale price
- Donation to a nonprofit organization, as defined in s.181.0103(17), Wis. Stats., organized under ch. 181, Wis. Stats.
- Sale for salvage value
- Donation to scrap yard or business when it is determined that equipment has no or limited value
- Transfer or sale of equipment to another project sponsor qualified to receive a grant under this program

Sales to state employees are prohibited unless items are sold at announced public sales or auctions.

The Grantee shall maintain a record of the disposition of the excess or surplus supplies in accordance with a proper record retention schedule.

PROTECT CONFIDENTIAL DATA

The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) takes seriously its responsibility to protect all confidential data that are collected as the DNR administers its programs. For DNR grant programs, "confidential data" typically includes:

- Personal -- Social Security number, date of birth, driver's license number, signature
- Financial -- Bank account numbers on cancelled checks and statements.
 Credit card numbers on submitted receipts. Account and credit balances or limits. Federal or Wisconsin tax returns.

If a grant is being issued to an individual, we need most of the personal data listed above before we can issue payments or reimbursements. This needed data comes to the DNR on completed W-9 forms. The DNR will shred W-9 forms after verifying the data or maintain them in confidential files.

The DNR, however, is often sent *unnecessary* confidential data in support of a payment request. Please protect confidential data by blackening out – also called "redacting" – bank account numbers, credit card account numbers, and other confidential data *before* sending to the DNR. DNR staff will not redact confidential data before placing the document in public files. Please do not redact check numbers from bank statements.

Final Report Requirements

All projects must result in a final report that is suitable for use by the general public. The final report must meet the criteria agreed to in the grant agreement and be approved by the regional AIS/Lake/River Coordinator prior to the final payment being disbursed.

Send All Reimbursement Claims to: The regional Environmental Grant Specialist.

How Reimbursement Claims are Processed

The regional <u>AIS/Lake/River Coordinator</u> reviews the final report for technical compliance with the project grant scope and approves the report. The Environmental Grant Specialist then reviews the reimbursement claim. If the final report is approved by the biologist and claim for reimbursement is complete (including all required documentation) and in compliance with the project grant agreement, the Environmental Grant Specialist will approve the claim for reimbursement.

Audits

The state has the right to audit or examine all books, papers, accounts, documents or other records of the Grantee as they relate to the project for which the specific grant program funds were granted.

The Grantee must retain all project records for a period of not less than 3 years after final payment or final disposition of audit findings.

The purpose of the audit is to check compliance with the terms of the grant agreement and verify that project expenditures were properly incurred and qualify for reimbursement or payment.

Single Audit

Organizations, including Tribes, shall comply with annual Single Audit requirement as specified in 2 CFR Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, & Audit Requirements. The sponsor agrees to have an audit in accordance with Uniform Guidance if they expend \$750,000 or more in federal awards during the fiscal year.

When a Project is Not in Compliance with the Grant Agreement

If the Department finds that a project has not been satisfactorily completed by the expiration date of the grant agreement or that the Grantee has violated a term of the grant agreement, the Department may terminate the grant and seek reimbursement of any state share previously distributed to the Grantee.

Applying for Reimbursement

Open the Grant Payment Request & Worksheet, form 8700-001A, on your computer and complete the Grantee and Project Information section. Once this section is complete you will be able to fill in other sections of page 1 and page 3, the Worksheet. Record project expenses on the Worksheet section of the form, adding additional lines as needed by clicking on the "+" symbol.

It is recommended that you save a working copy to your computer that you can add to or modify throughout the course of the project. It is also recommended that you back-up your work periodically to another device.

Note that for Lake Planning, River Planning, and Clean Boats Clean Waters Grants, only an advance payment at the time of award and/or a one-time final pay request is possible.

Before submitting the Grant Payment Request & Worksheet form, make sure you have provided the required documentation for each line item listed on the Worksheet:

- Acceptable proofs of purchase must be submitted when requesting reimbursement of project expenditures. Example: photocopies of the vendor invoices for services or materials and receipts for project materials. Invoices and checks combining costs for multiple grants must be explained so that the specific cost associated with each grant is identified.
- Copies of bid proposals, professional service contracts, change orders, and

- authorized detailed force account time sheets or volunteer time sheets, if applicable.
- Proofs of payment documentation must be maintained within the grantee's files in the event of an audit. Example: A copy of both sides of the canceled check to pay that bill. If canceled checks aren't available, a copy of the appropriate bank or credit card statement may be substituted. Be sure to clearly highlight the transaction amount on the statement and to redact account numbers.

For land acquisition projects, you must also submit:

- A copy of the recorded grant agreement and the recorded deed at the Register of Deeds with the new disclaimer inserted (see the financial section of the grant agreement).
- A copy of the title insurance policy
- A copy of the singed closing statement
- A copy of the relocation cost statement, if applicable

Who to Contact with Questions

Your regional Environmental Grant Specialist